

The invention relates to chemistry and biotechnology, in particular to the synthesis of a new coordinative compound of cobalt(III) and to a process for cultivation of microalga *Porphyridium cruentum* with the use thereof. According to the invention, a coordinative compound – hexafluorotitanate-bis[(dimethyl-glyoximato)-di-(thiocarbamide)cobalt(III)]di-hydrate is claimed.

Also, a process for cultivation of microalga *Porphyridium cruentum* is claimed, which consists in that microalga is cultivated on a nutrient medium containing, g/L: NaNO<sub>3</sub> – 5.0; NaCl – 7.0; KCl – 7.5; MgSO<sub>4</sub>·7H<sub>2</sub>O – 1.8; Ca(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>·4H<sub>2</sub>O – 0.15; KBr – 0.05; KI – 0.05; K<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub> – 0.2; FeCl<sub>3</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O – 0.00027; ZnSO<sub>4</sub>·5H<sub>2</sub>O – 0.00002; CuSO<sub>4</sub>·5H<sub>2</sub>O – 0.00005; MnSO<sub>4</sub>·5H<sub>2</sub>O – 0.0003; H<sub>3</sub>BO<sub>3</sub> – 0.0006; MoO<sub>3</sub> – 0.00002; NaVO<sub>3</sub> – 0.00005; the compound hexafluorotitanate-bis[(di-methylglyoximato)-di-(thiocarbamide)cobalt (III)] dihydrate – 0.020...0.022 g/L and distilled water up to 1L, having the pH 6.8...7.2; at the temperature of 23...25°C, the lighting of 2000...3000 lx/cm<sup>2</sup>, with slow intermittent agitation.

The result consists in increasing the antioxidant activity of the ethylic extract obtained from microalga biomass.

Claims: 2